Erratum to: Imaging of non-neoplastic intratesticular masses.

In the article "Imaging of non-neoplastic intratesticular masses." (Diagn Interv Radiol 2011; 17:52-63), we inadvertently listed the figures 6-8. The corrected figures should appear in following order. We regret this error.

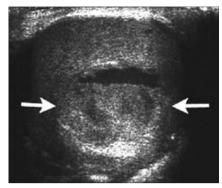
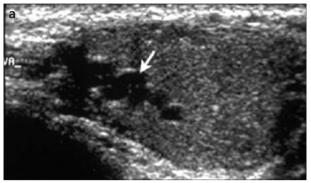


Figure 6. Testicular abscess. A 35-year-old male with testicular pain and fever. Tranverse gray scale image of the left testis demonstrates a complex cystic lesion (*arrows*) within the testis that has shaggy margins and a fluid-fluid level within.



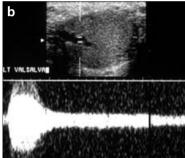
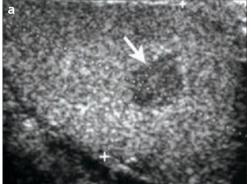
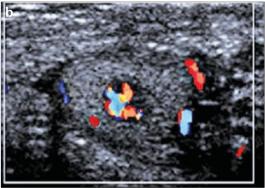


Figure 7. a, b. Intratesticular varicocele. A 28-year-old male with testicular pain. Longitudinal gray scale sonogram (a) of the testis demonstrates anechoic tubular structures within the testis. Corresponding color Doppler image (b) shows presence of a venous flow pattern with an increase in amplitude with Valsalva maneuver. Intratesticular varicoceles are often associated with extratesticular varicoceles. (Reprinted with permission from reference 62.)





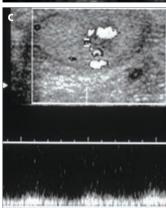


Figure 8. a–c. Intratesticular arterio-venous malformation (AVM). A 32-year-old male with left scrotal pain. Gray-scale image (a) of the testis demonstrates a hypoechoic lesion (arrow). On the corresponding color flow (b) and spectral (c) Doppler images, this lesion fills with a mixture of colors and shows an arterialized–venous waveform pattern consistent with an AVM. (Reprinted with permission from reference 19.)